

Explanatory Notes on Main Statistical Indicators

Medical and Health Institutions refer to the units that obtain the practicing license of medical institutions from the health administrative departments, or obtain the registration certificate of legal entity from the civil affairs, industrial and commercial administration, and institution establishment management departments, and provide medical care, disease control, health supervision services for the society, or engage in medical research and on-the-job medical training. Medical and health institutions include hospitals, primary medical and health institutions, professional public health institutions, and other medical and health institutions.

Hospitals include general hospitals, traditional Chinese medicine hospitals, integrated Chinese and Western medicine hospitals, ethnic hospitals, various specialized hospitals and nursing homes, excluding specialized disease prevention and treatment centers, maternal and child health centers and sanatoriums.

Medical Technical Personnel include practicing doctors, practicing assistant doctors,

registered nurses, pharmacists, inspection technicians, imaging technicians, health supervisors and interns (medicine, nursing, technical) and other health professionals. Excluding health technicians engaged in management work (such as president, vice president, Secretary of the Party committee, etc.).

Practicing Doctor refers to a person whose "level" in the doctor's license is "practicing doctor" and who is actually engaged in medical and preventive health care work, excluding a practicing doctor who is actually engaged in management work. Practicing doctors are divided into four categories: clinical, traditional Chinese medicine, oral and public health.

Practicing Assistant Doctors refer to those who are "practicing assistant doctors" in the "doctor license" and are actually engaged in medical and preventive health care work, excluding those who are actually engaged in management work. Practicing assistant doctors are divided into four categories: clinical, traditional Chinese medicine, oral and public health.